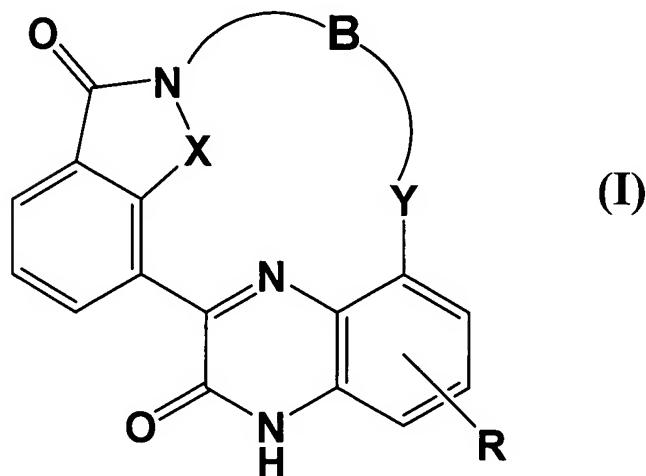
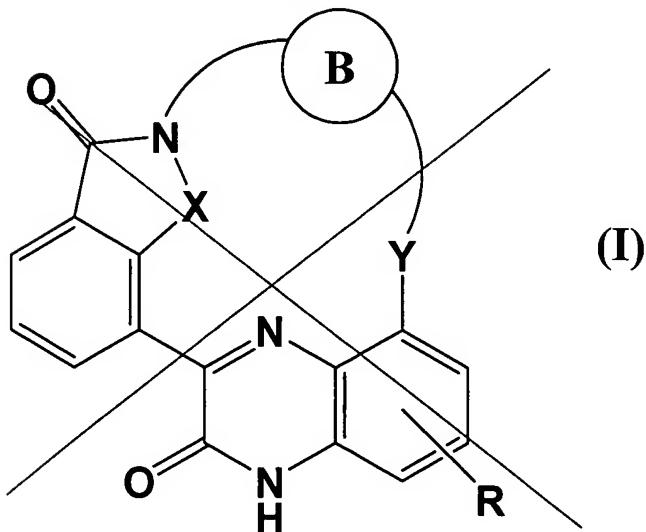


**Amendments to the Claims**

1. (Currently amended)

A quinoxalinone derivative of the formula (I):



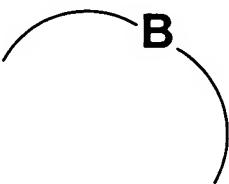
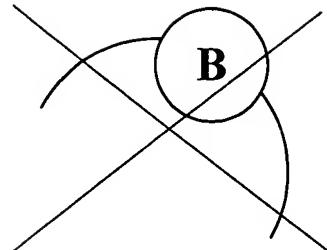
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or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof, wherein:

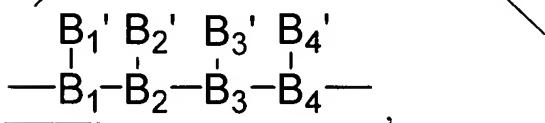
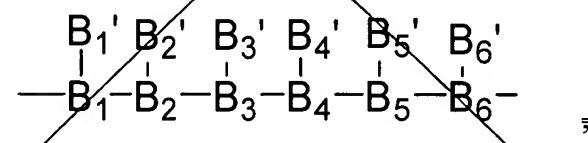
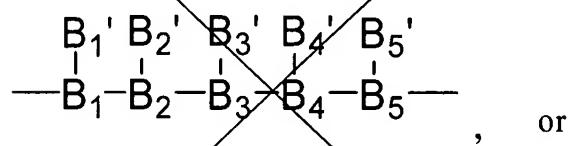
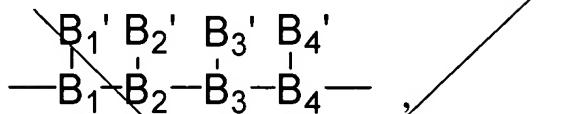
X is NH, S, O or CH<sub>2</sub>;

Y is O or NR', wherein R' is hydrogen or lower alkyl;

the partial structure



is selected from the following formula:



wherein  $B_1, B_2, \dots, B_{n-1}$  and  $B_n$ , and  $B'_1, B'_2, \dots, B'_{n-1}$  and  $B'_n$  (in which  $n$  is 4, 5 or 6) are each defined as follows:

$B_1, B_2, \dots, B_{n-1}$  and  $B_n$ ,  $B_3$  and  $B_4$  are each independently C, CH, CR<sub>0</sub>, N or O,  
(wherein

when  $B_1, B_2, \dots, B_{n-1}$  and  $B_n$  are each independently C, then  $B'_1, B'_2, \dots, B'_{n-1}$  and  $B'_n$  are also, respectively;

when  $B_1, B_2, \dots, B_{n-1}$  and  $B_n$ ,  $B_3$  and  $B_4$  are each independently O, then  $B'_1, B'_2, \dots, B'_{n-1}$  and  $B'_n$ ,  $B'_3$  and  $B'_4$  are each taken together with  $B_1, B_2, \dots, B_{n-1}$  and  $B_n$ ,  $B_3$  and  $B_4$ , respectively, to form O, with the proviso that two or more members of  $B_1, B_2, \dots, B_{n-1}$  and  $B_n$

~~B<sub>n+1</sub> and B<sub>n</sub>~~ B<sub>3</sub> and B<sub>4</sub>, at the same time, are not taken together with B'<sub>1</sub>, B'<sub>2</sub>, ~~B<sub>n+1</sub> and B<sub>n</sub>~~ B'<sub>3</sub> and B'<sub>4</sub>, respectively, to form O; and

R<sub>0</sub> is lower alkyl), and

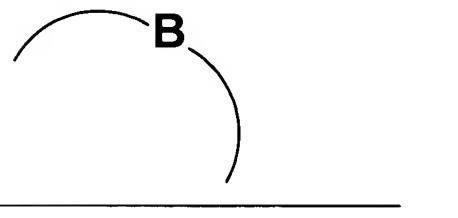
B'<sub>1</sub>, B'<sub>2</sub>, ~~B<sub>n+1</sub> and B<sub>n</sub>~~ B'<sub>3</sub> and B'<sub>4</sub> are each independently hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, oxo, lower alkoxy, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, lower alkyl or lower alkenyl, (wherein

said lower alkyl and said lower alkenyl may be substituted with one or more, same or different substituents selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino and lower alkylamino, and

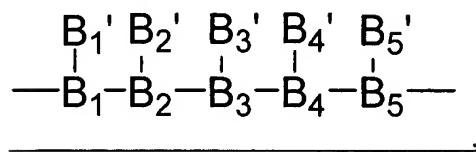
among B'<sub>1</sub>, B'<sub>2</sub>, ~~B<sub>n+1</sub> and B<sub>n</sub>~~ B'<sub>3</sub> and B'<sub>4</sub> (in which i is 1, 2 or 3), B'<sub>1</sub> and B'<sub>3</sub> taken together with B<sub>i</sub>, B<sub>n+1</sub> and B<sub>n+2</sub>=B<sub>1</sub>, B<sub>2</sub> and B<sub>3</sub>, B'<sub>2</sub> and B'<sub>4</sub> taken together with B<sub>2</sub>, B<sub>3</sub> and B<sub>4</sub>, or  
or B'<sub>i</sub> and B'<sub>i+3</sub> B'<sub>1</sub> and B'<sub>4</sub> (in which i is 1 or 2) taken together with B<sub>i</sub>, B<sub>n+1</sub>, B<sub>n+2</sub> and B<sub>n+3</sub> B<sub>1</sub>, B<sub>2</sub>, B<sub>3</sub> and B<sub>4</sub>

may form a C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl or an aliphatic heterocyclic group selected from <the substituent group β> mentioned below, and said cycloalkyl and said aliphatic heterocyclic group may be substituted with one or more, same or different substituents selected from lower alkyl and <the substituent group α> mentioned below); or

the partial structure



is the following formula:



wherein

B<sub>1</sub>, B<sub>2</sub>, B<sub>3</sub>, B<sub>4</sub> and B<sub>5</sub> are each independently CH, CR<sub>0</sub>, N or O, wherein

when  $B_1$ ,  $B_2$ ,  $B_3$ ,  $B_4$  and  $B_5$  are each independently O, then  $B'_1$ ,  $B'_2$ ,  $B'_3$ ,  $B'_4$  and  $B'_5$  are each taken together with  $B_1$ ,  $B_2$ ,  $B_3$ ,  $B_4$  and  $B_5$ , respectively, to form O, with the proviso that two or more members of  $B_1$ ,  $B_2$ ,  $B_3$ ,  $B_4$  and  $B_5$ , at the same time, are not taken together with  $B'_1$ ,  $B'_2$ ,  $B'_3$ ,  $B'_4$  and  $B'_5$ , respectively, to form O; and

$R_0$  is lower alkyl, and

$B'_1$ ,  $B'_2$ ,  $B'_3$ ,  $B'_4$  and  $B'_5$  are each independently hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, oxo, lower alkoxy, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, lower alkyl or lower alkenyl, wherein

said lower alkyl and said lower alkenyl may be substituted with one or more, same or different substituents selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino and lower alkylamino, and

among  $B'_1$ ,  $B'_2$ ,  $B'_3$ ,  $B'_4$  and  $B'_5$ ,

$B'_1$  and  $B'_3$  taken together with  $B_1$ ,  $B_2$  and  $B_3$ ,

$B'_2$  and  $B'_4$  taken together with  $B_2$ ,  $B_3$  and  $B_4$ ,

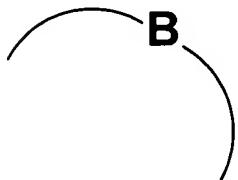
$B'_3$  and  $B'_5$  taken together with  $B_3$ ,  $B_4$  and  $B_5$ ,

$B'_1$  and  $B'_4$  taken together with  $B_1$ ,  $B_2$ ,  $B_3$  and  $B_4$ , or

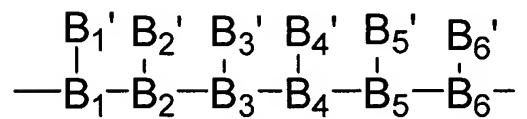
$B'_2$  and  $B'_5$  taken together with  $B_2$ ,  $B_3$ ,  $B_4$  and  $B_5$

may form a C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl or an aliphatic heterocyclic group selected from the substituent group  $\beta_1$  mentioned below, and said cycloalkyl and said aliphatic heterocyclic group may be substituted with one or more, same or different substituents selected from lower alkyl and the substituent group  $\alpha$  mentioned below; or

the partial structure



is the following formula:



wherein

B<sub>1</sub>, B<sub>2</sub>, B<sub>3</sub>, B<sub>4</sub>, B<sub>5</sub> and B<sub>6</sub> are each independently CH, CR<sub>0</sub>, N or O, wherein when B<sub>1</sub>, B<sub>2</sub>, B<sub>3</sub>, B<sub>4</sub>, B<sub>5</sub> and B<sub>6</sub> are each independently O, then B'<sub>1</sub>, B'<sub>2</sub>, B'<sub>3</sub>, B'<sub>4</sub>, B'<sub>5</sub> and B'<sub>6</sub> are each taken together with B<sub>1</sub>, B<sub>2</sub>, B<sub>3</sub>, B<sub>4</sub>, B<sub>5</sub> and B<sub>6</sub>, respectively, to form O, with the proviso that two or more members of B<sub>1</sub>, B<sub>2</sub>, B<sub>3</sub>, B<sub>4</sub>, B<sub>5</sub> and B<sub>6</sub>, at the same time, are not taken together with B'<sub>1</sub>, B'<sub>2</sub>, B'<sub>3</sub>, B'<sub>4</sub>, B'<sub>5</sub> and B'<sub>6</sub>, respectively, to form O; and

R<sub>0</sub> is lower alkyl, and

B'<sub>1</sub>, B'<sub>2</sub>, B'<sub>3</sub>, B'<sub>4</sub>, B'<sub>5</sub> and B'<sub>6</sub> are each independently hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, oxo, lower alkoxy, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, lower alkyl or lower alkenyl, wherein

said lower alkyl and said lower alkenyl may be substituted with one or more, same or different substituents selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino and lower alkylamino, and

among B'<sub>1</sub>, B'<sub>2</sub>, B'<sub>3</sub>, B'<sub>4</sub>, B'<sub>5</sub> and B'<sub>6</sub>,  
B'<sub>1</sub> and B'<sub>3</sub> taken together with B<sub>1</sub>, B<sub>2</sub> and B<sub>3</sub>,  
B'<sub>2</sub> and B'<sub>4</sub> taken together with B<sub>2</sub>, B<sub>3</sub> and B<sub>4</sub>,  
B'<sub>3</sub> and B'<sub>5</sub> taken together with B<sub>3</sub>, B<sub>4</sub> and B<sub>5</sub>,  
B'<sub>1</sub> and B'<sub>4</sub> taken together with B<sub>1</sub>, B<sub>2</sub>, B<sub>3</sub> and B<sub>4</sub>, or  
B'<sub>2</sub> and B'<sub>5</sub> taken together with B<sub>2</sub>, B<sub>3</sub>, B<sub>4</sub> and B<sub>5</sub>  
may form a C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl or an aliphatic heterocyclic group selected from the  
substituent group β<sub>1</sub> mentioned below, and said cycloalkyl and said aliphatic heterocyclic  
group may be substituted with one or more, same or different substituents selected from  
lower alkyl and the substituent group α mentioned below;

R is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, amino in which the nitrogen atom is di-substituted with R<sub>a</sub> and R<sub>b</sub>, amino-lower alkyl in which the nitrogen atom is di-substituted with R<sub>a</sub> and R<sub>b</sub>, or L, wherein R<sub>a</sub> and R<sub>b</sub> are each independently hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkoxyalkyl or halogenated lower alkyl, and L is L<sub>1</sub>-L<sub>2</sub>-L<sub>3</sub>, (wherein L<sub>1</sub> is a single bond, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>k1</sub>-, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>k1</sub>-O- or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>k1</sub>-NH-, in which k1 is an integer of 1 to 3); L<sub>2</sub> is a single bond or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>k2</sub>-, (in which k2 is an integer of 1 to 3); and L<sub>3</sub> is lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, phenyl, pyridyl, pyrrolidinyl or piperidinyl,

said lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, phenyl, pyridyl, pyrrolidinyl or piperidinyl being optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms); or alternatively

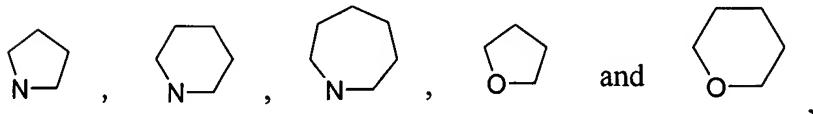
R is a substituent selected from <the substituent group α> mentioned below, which may be substituted with one or more, same or different substituents selected from <the substituent group γ> mentioned below, or R is lower alkyl substituted with said substituent; or alternatively

R is a cyclic group selected from <the substituent group β<sub>2</sub>> mentioned below, which may be substituted with one or more, same or different substituents selected from a lower alkyl, <the substituent group α> mentioned below and <the substituent group γ> mentioned below and also which may be substituted with J, (wherein J is J<sub>1</sub>-J<sub>2</sub>-J<sub>3</sub>; J<sub>1</sub> is a single bond, -C(=O)-, -O-, -NH-, -NHCO-, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>k3</sub>- or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>k3</sub>-O-, (in which k3 is an integer of 1 to 3); J<sub>2</sub> is a single bond or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>k4</sub>- (in which k4 is an integer of 1 to 3); and J<sub>3</sub> is lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, -CONR<sub>a</sub>R<sub>b</sub>, (wherein R<sub>a</sub> and R<sub>b</sub> each have the same meaning as defined above), phenyl, pyridyl, pyrrolidinyl or piperidinyl, said lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, phenyl, pyridyl, pyrrolidinyl or piperidinyl being optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms), or R is lower alkyl substituted with said cyclic group, and

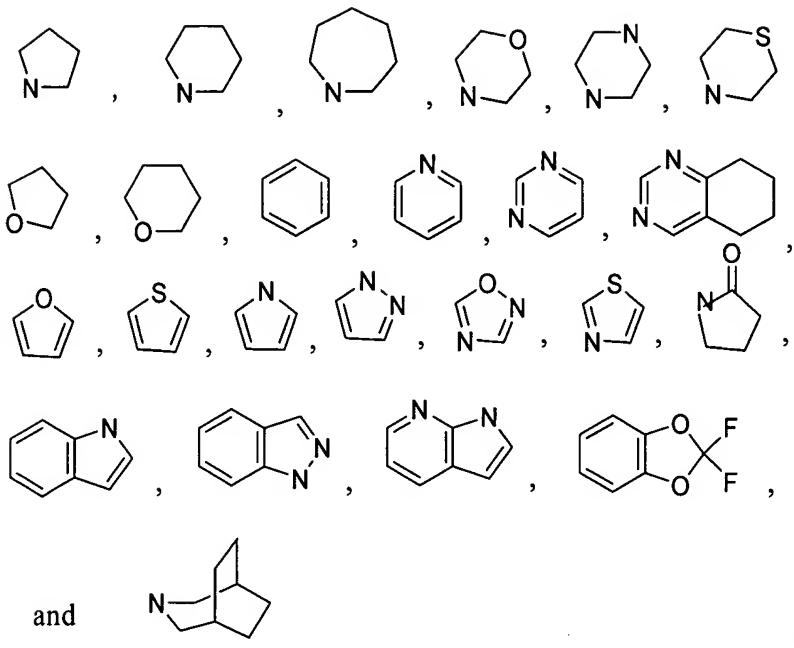
in the above, <the substituent group α>, <the substituent group β<sub>1</sub>>, <the substituent group β<sub>2</sub>> and <the substituent group γ> each have the meanings shown below:

<the substituent group α> is a member selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, hydroxy-lower alkyl, cyano, halogen, carboxyl, lower alkanoyl, lower alkoxy carbonyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkoxyalkyl, amino, lower alkylamino, lower alkylsulfonyl, halogenated lower alkyl, halogenated lower alkoxy, halogenated lower alkylamino, nitro and lower alkanoylamino,

<the substituent group β<sub>1</sub>> is a member selected from the group consisting of



<the substituent group β<sub>2</sub>> is a member selected from the group consisting of



<the substituent group  $\gamma$  is a member selected from the group consisting of  
 C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, lower alkyl substituted with C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, phenyl, lower alkyl substituted with phenyl, pyridyl, pyrrolidinyl and piperidinyl, said C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, phenyl, pyridyl, pyrrolidinyl and piperidinyl being optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms.

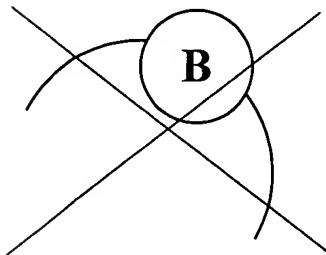
2. (Currently amended) The compound according to claim 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof, wherein:

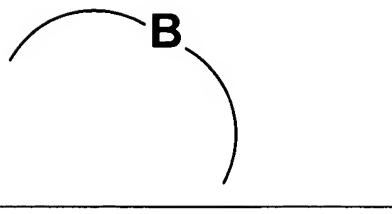
X is NH or S; and

Y is O.

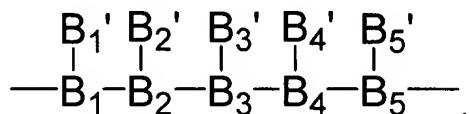
3. (Currently amended) The compound according to claim 2 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof, wherein:

the partial structure





is the formula:



4. (Currently amended) The compound according to claim 3 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof, wherein:

$\text{B}_1, \text{B}_2, \text{B}_3, \text{B}_4$  and  $\text{B}_5$  are each independently CH; or

$\text{B}_1, \text{B}_2, \text{B}_4$  and  $\text{B}_5$  are each independently CH, and  $\text{B}_3$  is N or O.

5. (Currently amended) The compound according to claim 4 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof, wherein:

the  $\alpha$ -substituent group  $\alpha \geq$  is selected from hydroxy, hydroxy-lower alkyl, halogen, lower alkoxy carbonyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkoxyalkyl, lower alkylamino, methyl substituted with one to three fluorine atoms, methoxy substituted with one to three fluorine atoms and lower alkylamino substituted with one to three fluorine atoms; and the  $\beta_1$ -substituent group  $\beta_1 \geq$  is



6. (Currently amended) The compound according to claim 5 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof, wherein:

$\text{B}_1, \text{B}_2, \text{B}_4$  and  $\text{B}_5$  are each independently CH,  $\text{B}_3$  is N, and all of  $\text{B}'_1, \text{B}'_2, \text{B}'_3, \text{B}'_4$  and  $\text{B}'_5$  are hydrogen; or

one of  $\text{B}'_1, \text{B}'_2, \text{B}'_3, \text{B}'_4$  and  $\text{B}'_5$  is lower alkyl or lower alkenyl, and all the others are hydrogen; or

at least two of  $B'_1$ ,  $B'_2$ ,  $B'_3$ ,  $B'_4$  and  $B'_5$  are each independently lower alkyl or lower alkenyl, and all the others are hydrogen; or

among  $B'_1$ ,  $B'_2$ ,  $B'_3$ ,  $B'_4$  and  $B'_5$ ,  $B'_i$  and  $B'_{i+2}$  (in which  $i$  is 1, 2 or 3)  $\underline{B'_1}$  and  $\underline{B'_3}$  taken together with  $\underline{B'_i}$ ,  $\underline{B'_{i+1}}$  and  $\underline{B'_{i+2}}$   $\underline{B_1}$ ,  $\underline{B_2}$  and  $\underline{B_3}$ ,  
 $\underline{B'_2}$  and  $\underline{B'_4}$  taken together with  $\underline{B_2}$ ,  $\underline{B_3}$  and  $\underline{B_4}$ , or  
 $\underline{B'_3}$  and  $\underline{B'_5}$  taken together with  $\underline{B_3}$ ,  $\underline{B_4}$  and  $\underline{B_5}$

form an aliphatic heterocycle heterocyclic group selected from  $\leq$ the substituent group  $\beta_1\geq$ , (wherein said aliphatic heterocycle heterocyclic group may be substituted with one or more, same or different substituents selected from lower alkyl and  $\leq$ the substituent group  $\alpha\geq$ ), and the others are hydrogen, lower alkyl or lower alkenyl.

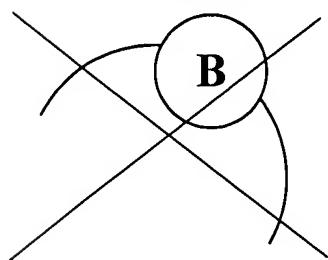
7. (Currently amended) The compound according to claim 6 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof, wherein;

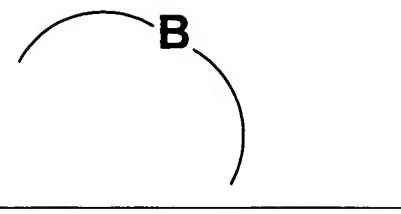
X is NH;

$B_1$ ,  $B_2$ ,  $B_4$  and  $B_5$  are each independently CH, and  $B_3$  is N;  
among  $B'_1$ ,  $B'_2$ ,  $B'_3$ ,  $B'_4$  and  $B'_5$ ,  $B'_i$  and  $B'_{i+2}$   $\underline{B'_1}$  and  $\underline{B'_3}$  (in which  $i$  is 1) taken together with  $\underline{B'_i}$ ,  $\underline{B'_{i+1}}$  and  $\underline{B'_{i+2}}$   $\underline{B_1}$ ,  $\underline{B_2}$  and  $\underline{B_3}$  form an aliphatic heterocycle heterocyclic group selected from  $\leq$ the substituent group  $\beta_1\geq$ , (wherein said aliphatic heterocycle heterocyclic group may be substituted with lower alkyl), and the others are hydrogen.

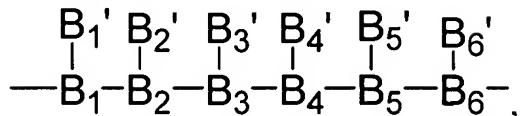
8. (Currently amended) The compound according to claim 2 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof, wherein;

the partial structure



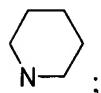


is the formula:



wherein  $\text{B}_1$ ,  $\text{B}_2$ ,  $\text{B}_3$ ,  $\text{B}_5$  and  $\text{B}_6$  are each independently  $\text{CH}$ , and  $\text{B}_4$  is  $\text{N}$ ; among  $\text{B}'_1$ ,  $\text{B}'_2$ ,  $\text{B}'_3$ ,  $\text{B}'_4$ ,  $\text{B}'_5$  and  $\text{B}'_6$ ,  ~~$\text{B}'_i$  and  $\text{B}'_{i+3}$  (in which  $i$  is 1 or 2)~~  $\text{B}'_1$  and  $\text{B}'_4$  taken together with  $\text{B}'_i$ ,  $\text{B}'_{i+1}$ ,  $\text{B}'_{i+2}$  and  $\text{B}'_{i+3}$ ,  $\text{B}'_1$ ,  $\text{B}_2$ ,  $\text{B}_3$  and  $\text{B}_4$ , or  $\text{B}'_2$  and  $\text{B}'_5$  taken together with  $\text{B}_2$ ,  $\text{B}_3$ ,  $\text{B}_4$  and  $\text{B}_5$

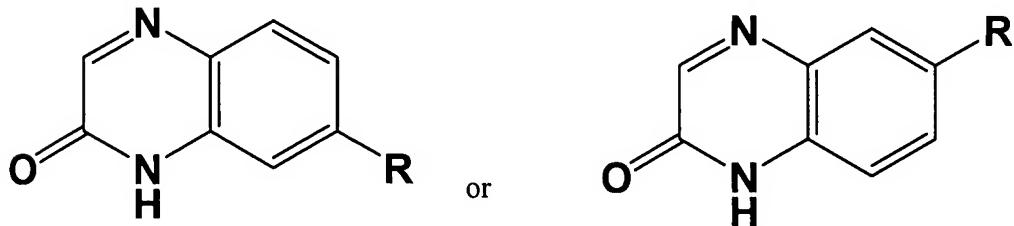
form



and all the others are hydrogen.

9. (Currently amended) The compound according to claim 6 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof, wherein,

the R binds to quinoxalinone as described in the following formula:

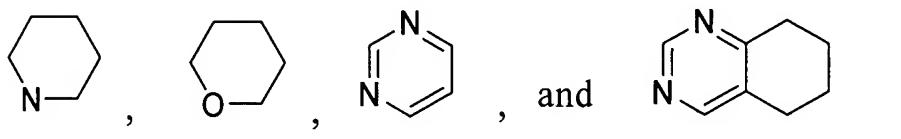


10. (Currently amended) The compound according to claim 9 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof, wherein,

R is hydrogen, amino-lower alkyl in which the nitrogen atom is di-substituted with  $\text{R}_a$  and  $\text{R}_b$ , or L, wherein  $\text{R}_a$  and  $\text{R}_b$  are each independently lower alkyl, and L is  $\text{L}_1\text{-L}_2\text{-L}_3$ , (wherein  $\text{L}_1$  is a single bond,  $-(\text{CH}_2)_{k1}-$ ,  $-(\text{CH}_2)_{k1}\text{-O-}$  or  $-(\text{CH}_2)_{k1}\text{-NH-}$ , in which

$k_1$  is an integer of 1 or 2;  $L_2$  is a single bond or  $-(CH_2)_{k_2}-$ , in which  $k_2$  is an integer of 1 or 2; and  $L_3$  is lower alkoxy or  $C_3-C_6$  cycloalkyl); or

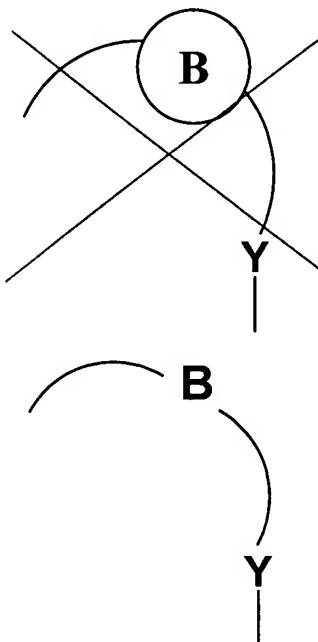
R is a cyclic group selected from  $\leq$ the substituent group  $\beta_2\geq$ , which may be substituted with one or more, same or different substituents selected from lower alkyl and  $\leq$ the substituent group  $\alpha\geq$ , or R is lower alkyl substituted with said cyclic group, wherein the  $\leq$  substituent group  $\beta_2\geq$  is selected from



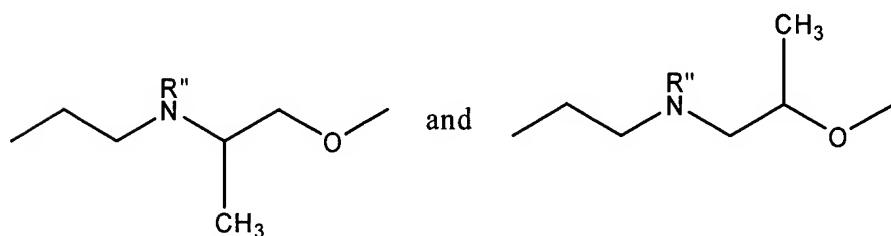
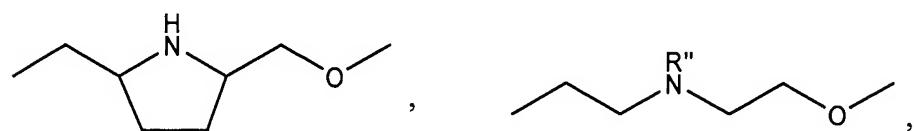
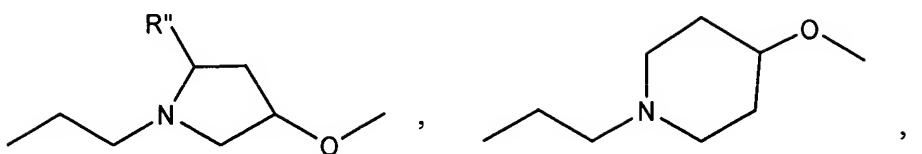
and the  $\leq$ substituent group  $\alpha\geq$  is selected from halogen, lower alkoxy, lower alkoxyalkyl, methyl substituted with one to three fluorine atoms, and methoxy substituted with one to three fluorine atoms; or lower alkyl substituted with a substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkylamino and lower alkylamino substituted with one to three fluorine atoms.

11. (Currently amended) The compound according to claim 2 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof, wherein:

the partial structure

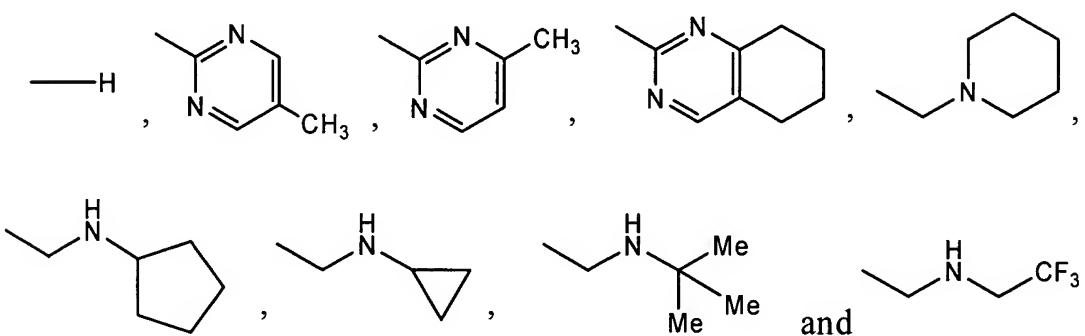


is selected from the group consisting of



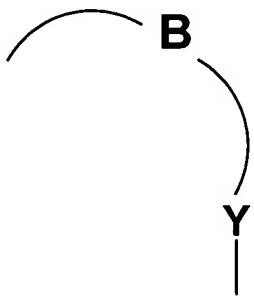
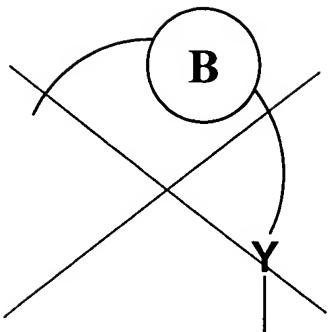
wherein R'' is hydrogen or methyl; and

R is selected from the group consisting of



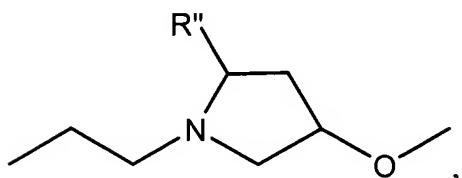
12. (Currently amended) The compound according to claim 11 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof, wherein:

X is NH; and the partial structure



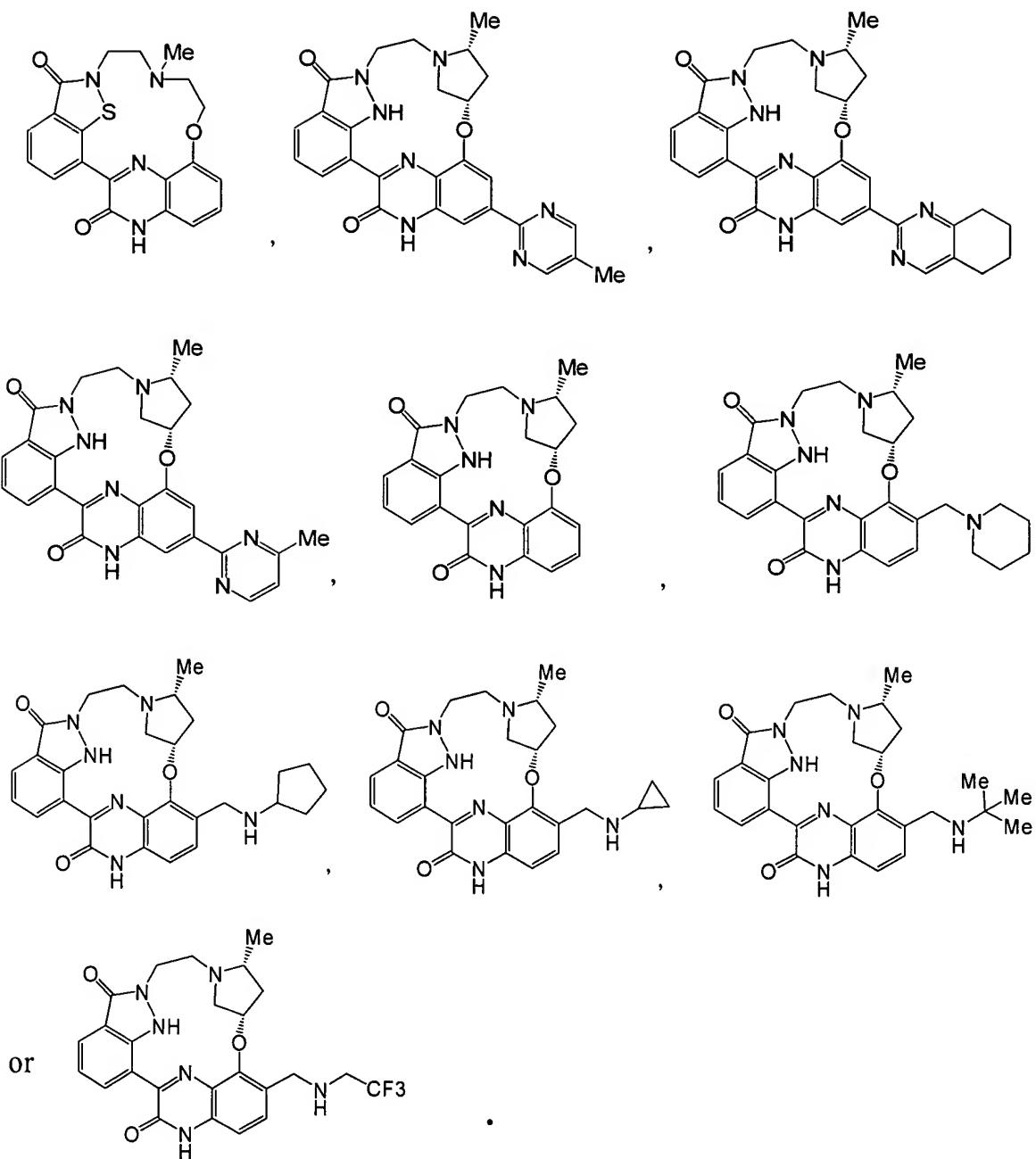
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is the formula:



wherein R'' is methyl.

13. (Currently amended) The compound according to claim 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof, wherein  
the quinoxalinone derivative is



14. (Original) A pharmaceutical composition comprising one or more kinds of the quinoxalinone derivative according to claim 1 as an active ingredient, together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent.

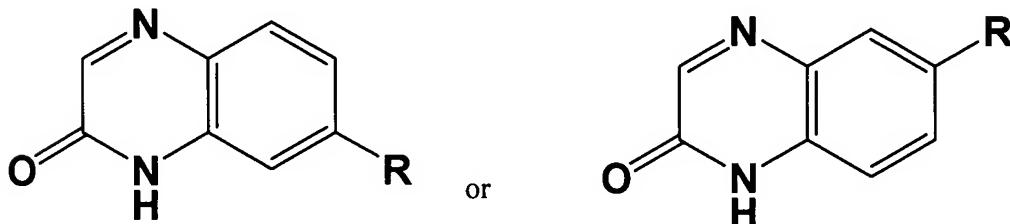
15. (Currently amended) A method of inhibiting Cdk inhibitor comprising which  
comprises administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of

one or more kinds of the quinoxalinone derivative according to claim 1 as an active ingredient, together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent.

16. (Currently amended) ~~A method for treatment of anti-cancer agent comprising which comprises administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of~~ one or more kinds of the quinoxalinone derivative according to claim 1 as an active ingredient, together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent.

17. (Currently amended) The compound according to claim 7 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof, wherein;

the R binds to quinoxalinone as described in the following formula:



18. (Currently amended) The compound according to claim 8 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof, wherein;

the R binds to quinoxalinone as described in the following formula:

